Article - Family Law

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§8–201.

- (a) In this subtitle the following words have the meanings indicated.
- (b) "Child" means a child:
 - (1) under the age of 18 years; or
- (2) 18 years old or older and dependent on a parent because of mental or physical infirmity.
 - (c) (1) "Family home" means the property in this State that:
- (i) was used as the principal residence of the parties when they lived together;
- (ii) is owned or leased by 1 or both of the parties at the time of the proceeding; and
- (iii) is being used or will be used as a principal residence by 1 or both of the parties and a child.
 - (2) "Family home" does not include property:
 - (i) acquired before the marriage;
 - (ii) acquired by inheritance or gift from a third party; or
 - (iii) excluded by valid agreement.
- (d) (1) "Family use personal property" means tangible personal property:
 - (i) acquired during the marriage;
 - (ii) owned by 1 or both of the parties; and
 - (iii) used primarily for family purposes.
 - (2) "Family use personal property" includes:

- (i) motor vehicles;
- (ii) furniture;
- (iii) furnishings; and
- (iv) household appliances.
- (3) "Family use personal property" does not include property:
 - (i) acquired by inheritance or gift from a third party; or
 - (ii) excluded by valid agreement.
- (e) (1) "Marital property" means the property, however titled, acquired by 1 or both parties during the marriage.
- (2) "Marital property" includes any interest in real property held by the parties as tenants by the entirety unless the real property is excluded by valid agreement.
- (3) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, "marital property" does not include property:
 - (i) acquired before the marriage;
 - (ii) acquired by inheritance or gift from a third party;
 - (iii) excluded by valid agreement; or
 - (iv) directly traceable to any of these sources.

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